# Burton Water Cooperative Capital Improvement and Financing Plans

June 26, 2023 Community Meeting

#### Agenda:

6:00 Welcome and Housekeeping

#### **Meeting Topics**

6:10 VIFR Levy and Strategic Plan with Chief Matt Vinci

(20 minutes presentation with 10 minutes Q&A)

6:40 Co-op Proposed Capital Improvement Plan

7:00 Financing Options

7:20 Questions and Discussion

8:00 Wrap and Next Steps

## Capital Improvement Plan

What infrastructure upgrades are needed?



- 412 connections (415 approved), including
  - 403 active usage connections
  - 9 'ready to serve' connections
- Pumped Annual Volume
  - ~2.8M-3.7M CF
  - ~20.8M-28M Gal
  - ~64-86 Acre-Ft
- Sold Annual Volume
  - ~2.7M-3.5M CF
  - ~20.3M-26.2M Gal
  - ~62-80 Acre-Ft
- Water Rights
  - 245 gpm
  - 152.4 Acre-Ft per yr

## Capital Improvement Planning

- Capital Needs Assessment (Northwest Water Systems 2022)
  - Operations Committee Review
  - Review by current system operators
  - Further analysis by NWS
  - Capital Improvement Working Group (OC, FC, NWS, Nick Simmons)
  - Community input from fireside chat January 2023
- This defined and refined our suite of potential project needs

## Capital Improvement Planning (continued)

- Identified Regulatory Requirements (e.g., WDOH, KC)
- Identified Operational Risks
  - service disruption, higher O&M costs, system centrality
- Assessed fire flow improvement upgrades
  - life safety, property protection, WA Ratings Bureau and insurance costs
- Considered logical project sequencing and packaging
  - Manage service and traffic disruptions
  - Reduce excess contractor mobilizations (i.e., cost)
  - Economies of scale with fewer individual projects when possible

## Capital Improvement Planning (continued)

#### Priorities:

- Projects that address <u>Regulatory Requirements</u> do as soon as practical
- 2) Projects that reduce <u>Operational Risk</u> in water delivery and potential for significant financial cost start with central distribution system from wells/storage and main trunk line
- 3) Projects that upgrade <u>fire flow capacity and reliability</u> across the system general sequence and timing based on number of connections served but also get to all within 20 years

#### North/South Tank Upgrades

- [5-4] New Roof (N Tank)
- [1-1] Replumb (in series for chlorine contact time; inflow manifold)

#### [5-3] 30 psi for all connections

- Booster pump for upper
- Pressure-reducing valves for lower

#### [5-1] Replace Galvanized Iron Pipe

- Prioritize areas of leaks
- Projects:
  - #4: NW Peninsula
  - #13: 115th S of 238th

#### \*[X-Y] refers to CNA project ID

## w-\(\frac{1}{2}\)-1

#### [20-1] Replace Asbestos-Cement Main

- Lower and Upper segments
- Upsize 6" to 8"

#### [Opt-3] Fire Flows

- 6" main for loops
- 8" main for dead-ends
- Projects:
  - #2: 6" loop from 107<sup>th</sup> to Vashon Hwy
  - #3: 6" loop Burton Peninsula
  - #5: Tillicum Ln and 227<sup>th</sup>
  - #6: Governor's Ln
  - #7: 240<sup>th</sup> and 105<sup>th</sup>
  - #8: Vashon Hwy south of Burton
  - #11: Uphill from yacht club

## [5-2] Replace 6" steel main line and connect two lengths of installed main

- · 115th/238th (8")
- Bayview Dr (6")

\*The location of an improvement does not always equal its benefit. Some projects provide system-wide benefits; others are local but are required to meet new regulations.

	1	T.		Т	2 6				T	In the second
						Benefit	1	1		First 3 Years
									Coop Funded	w/in 10 Years
								8		w/in 20 years
				711 Tr - 2015 St. 15 Transaction 1						d In First Two Years
				Relative Cost	V4050000 0 000 00 000 000	140000000000000000000000000000000000000			5,000,000	unded
				\$ ≤ 10K	Regulatory	Increased	99 6900 0000	en en energy (		Year
900000 ED	B 000000			\$\$ ≤ 100K	Compliance	System	Positive Fire	Implementation	Early Fire Flow	Deferred Fire Flow
CNA Project	Coop Project			\$\$\$ < 500K	(WDOH, KC, or	Reliability /	Flow	Timing	Upgrade with Higher	195-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-
Number	Number	Project Description	Comment	\$\$\$\$ > 500K	Other)	Reduced Risk	Contribution	(per OC)	Financing	Reduced Financing
		Chlorination system upgrades to meet CT6 - Includes replumbing of								
		north and south tanks in series, new pump house extension on								
200.000	_	north tank to house chlorination equipment, source manifold,	WDOH required; will improve overall system disinfection and	Walter 1	120000	2000000		I Vicebiles	2.0000000	2.000
1-1		valves, and controls - linked to 5-4	water quality; started but not completed by current owners.	\$\$	Yes	Yes		Early	2024	2024
1-2		Waterproof labeling to replace paper or nonexistent labels	Not included - incorporate into maintenance activities					N/A		
The second			Need soon for resiliency in case of operator staffing turnover	23	18371	2557 7		100	1275.000	0.000
1-3		Electrical and water system operational manual	and WDOH operational documentation	\$	Yes	Yes	1	Early	2024	2024
1-4		Comprehensive facilities map	Included as part of Opt-5 GIS Record Collection System					N/A		
		Update source plumbing and controls - replace repair couplings,	The state of the s							
		splices, and corroded components and remove any abandoned	Improve sanitary integrity of water, reduce repairs, and	1.50						
2-1		pipe.	improve operability of the site	\$\$		Yes		Early	2024	2024
		Build/re-build source pump enclosures - create locking enclosures	Increase pump life; make maintenance of pumps easier and	Active 1		12-92-97-97			10.000	
2-2		with concrete floors for all pumps	more sanitary	\$\$		Yes		Early	2024	2024
2-3		Re-build 107th pump station	Not required if 5-3 (30 psi minimum) is completed	1			Ī	N/A		
2-4		Investigate reasons for short pump lives		\$		Yes		Early	2024	2024
2-5		Resolve short pump lives		\$		Yes		Early	2024	2024
		Update electrical for for safety, maintainability, and code	Consultant report indicated likelyhood of some electrical code							
2-6		compliance	violations	\$	Yes	Yes	5	Early	2024	2024
5-1	Replace remain	ning galvanized pipe								
		Replace small galvanized iron and small mixed pipe on NW Burton		2000		20000-0	20 mm mm	1 W. Co. W. Co.	20000000	
	4	Peninsula with 6" PVC for reliability and fire flow	This section has experienced multiple leaks per year	\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2023	2023
	7.123	Replace small galvanized iron and small PVC on 115th south of		2000 W		0,000	1 7000 FF	0.000.000.000	5.00.000	
	13	238th with 8" PVC for reliability and fire flow	Relatively small number of customers served by this segment	\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Flexible	2041	2041
			The 6" steel line has developed nodules indicating near term							
		TO RESIDENCE SEED OF THE SECOND SECON	need for replacement. This is the first segment of pipe							
		Replace 6" steel line along 115th to AC line on 238th with 8" PVC	leaving the source area and is critical for all downstream							
		- Connect customers on 115th to existing 8" PVC line.	capacity improvements and system reliability.							
		- Connect customers on 97th Ave SW south of Burton Dr. to existing	An existing inactive 8" PVC line parallels the 6" steel line along	50000000				W. C		- 25/1/20
5-2	1B	6" PVC line.	most of 115th.	\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2024	2024
		Booster station and PRV for 30 psi minimum to all customers.	10.10							
		Install booster pumps to provide WDOH required 30 psi throughoui	t							
		upper elevation service area. Install pressure reducing valve(s)								
		ahead of lower elevation service area to avoid exceeding maximum								
5-3		pressure of 80 psi.	WDOH requires 30 psi minimum throughout the service area.	\$\$	Yes	Yes		Early	2023	2023
5-4		North resevoir roof replacement - linked to 1-1	Planned but not executed by current owners	\$\$	1	Yes		Early	2024	2024
5-5		New Water System Plan document	Required by both WDOH and KC	\$\$	Yes			Early	2023	2023
			Will need to be done as we continue transition away from							
		2000 BB (2007 BB) - 1/20 B	wellpoints (authorized by surface water rights) to modern	ere-	29.2				111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
5-6		Water rights processing	wells (authorized by groundwater rights). Related to Opt-6.	\$\$	Yes			Flexible	2039, 2040	2039, 2040
		10 421000	The AC pipe segments will be 50 to 55 years old next year.		111					11
			NWS stated that the typical AC pipe lifespan is about 50							
		111 0 111 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	years. This is the second segment of pipe leaving the source							
1101-1100	100-44	Replace main line 6" AC and 6" PVC linking AC segments with 8" PVC	area and is critical for all downstream capacity improvements			2,000	200	66 20	22.020000000	
20-1	1A	for reliability and fire flow	and system reliability.	\$\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2024	2024

				\$ ≤ 10K	Regulatory	Increased			Plan	Year
				\$\$ ≤ 100K	Compliance	System	Positive Fire	Implementation	Early Fire Flow	Deferred Fire Flow
CNA Project	Coop Project			\$\$\$ < 500K	(WDOH, KC, or	Reliability /	Flow	Timing	Upgrade with Higher	Upgrade with
Number	Number	Project Description	Comment	\$\$\$\$ > 500K	Other)	Reduced Risk	Contribution	(per OC)	Financing	Reduced Financing
		S III III III III III III III III III I	The existing 1 1/4" line out of the 150K gallon tank prevents	97		- (1)	(X)			
			its capacity from being available to support fire flow or					Flexible but Early	-	
20-2		8" transmission line out of 150K tank	service during a major leak.	\$\$		Yes	Yes	ish	2030	2030
· ·		Update source and tank controls to support 8" transmission line out	The second secon	5.5 (900)6:			5.5			
20-3		of 150K gallon tank		\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2029	2029
20-4		10 year Water System Plan update	WDOH requires 10 year updates to water system plans	\$	Yes			Flexible	2033	2033
			The path passing by the well points to the lower tanks is over							
20-5	1	Boardwalk/trail/path maintenance in well field	swampy ground	\$				Flexible	2034	2034
Opt-1		Standardize booster pumps	Already done	80			80	N/A		
			Not included. Current system can operate on gravity through	10.			13			
			most power outages where the system will revert back to							
		13.11	gravity flow. Auxillary power will be required for pumps					190		
Opt-2		Back-up power	providing 30 psi to upper elevation customers.	35			38	TBD	,	
Opt-3	Upgrade small	PVC for fireflow	X To a control of the	9.	i) ()		9.	×	W.	9.
	2	Create 6" PVC loop along 107th to Vashon Hwy for fire flow		\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2025	2026
	3	Complete 6" PVC loop on Burton Peninsula for fire flow		\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Early	2025	2027, 2031
	5	Replace small galvanized iron and small mixed pipe on Tillicum Lane and 227th with 8" PVC for fire flow	Not a regulatory requirement for existing systems, but would	\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Flexible	2025	2032
		Replace small PVC on Governor's Lane and 6" PVC along 99th south	improve system performance and VIFR's ability to fight fires.  Over the multiple phases, these projects would improve fire						170000	
	6	of Harbor Dr with 8" PVC for fire flow				Yes	Yes	Flexible	2030	2037
		Replace small mixed pipe along 240th to 105th with 6" PVC loop for	or flow capacity and add nearby hydrants throughout the system. Recommended sequence of upgrades is based upon							
	7	fire flow		\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Flexible	2039	2039
		Replace small mixed pipe along Vashon Hwy south of Burton DR	the number of customers that would benefit.				200			2)
	8	with 8" PVC for fire flow				Yes	Yes	Flexible	2034	2040
	11960-1	Replace small mixed pipe off Vashon Hwy across from Yacht Club					10000	Name and Address of the Address of t	50000	
	11	westwards up hill with 8" PVC for fire flow		\$\$\$		Yes	Yes	Flexible	2042	2042
	12	Replace 2" PVC on 104th	Thought to not be needed - covered by other hydrants					N/A		
			New fencing and locks already installed which may be					152.13		
Opt-4		Security fencing and locks	adequate	35	Yes	Yes	35	N/A		0
		GIS record collection system and comprehensive facilities map -	Provide a centralized repository for asset information ,	17720				5-00-2-5	24/03/04/0	2000000
Opt-5		subsumes 1-4	including GPS physical location	\$		Yes		Early	2023	2023
020000		Drill multiple new wells in well field to meet WDOH requirement to			792			100000000	2033, 2036,	2033, 2036,
Opt-6		move off of shallow wells	modern wells. Related to 5-6.	\$\$\$	Yes			Flexible	2039,2042	2039,2042
Opt-7		Small backhoe/tractor	Not included based upon input from Jim and Evan				Sec.	N/A		

## Financing Options

How can we pay for this?

### Overview

- Presenting results of the work of the Finance Committee over the last year
- Two options that address the costs for purchase and future requirements as well as regular operations
- Seeking a plan that is logical, coherent, affordable
  - The assumptions for projecting revenues and expenses are solid and well supported.
  - The capital stack (member equity, debt, grants, other) can be obtained and is stable over time.
  - The plan has a predictable and reasonable impact on water rates.
  - The cost to someone for water service is not an unreasonable financial burden and can be paid over several years, if need be.
  - There is cash available to cover reasonably projected capital needs over time (first 20 years)

## Overview (continued)

- Based on the Straw Poll results no plan will be everyone's first preference
  - Straw Poll Results-75% prefer an approach that has moderate to maximum amount financed and low to moderate initial member contribution
  - 35%: Maximum Debt-Maximum USDA Loan + low member contribution (<\$1000)</li>
  - o 39%: Moderate Debt-Moderate UDSA Loan + moderate member contribution (\$1,000-\$3,000)
  - 9%: No Debt-No debt and high member contribution (>\$5,000)
  - o 12%: Don't Know
  - o 5%: No Preference
- Natural that we compare everything cost wise to now, but that is not the future no matter who buys BWC
- Today we are presenting work since last Community Meeting for information sharing and feedback
- Not deciding today, but critical input point
- Follow up meeting July 13 to inform the USDA application

## **Key Assumptions**

#### Total Costs

- Purchase Price
- Closing
- Feasibility
- Start-Up
- Capital Improvements
- Sources must cover Total Costs mix of member contribution and USDA loan

#### Member Contribution

- One-time charge per connection
- Paid in lump sum or installments (working on providing options to pay in over time)

#### USDA Loan

40-year, fixed rate (currently 3.75%), fully amortizing, may pre-pay at any time

## Key Assumptions (continued)

- Revenues (same under both scenarios)
  - Base Rate
  - Usage Rate (tiers based on water volume consumed)
  - Capital Improvement Surcharge
  - KC ROW Fee
- Operating Expenses (same under both scenarios)
  - Historical operating costs adjusted for 2023 and cooperative "cost of service" model
  - Revenue from the Base and Usage rates cover operating costs and debt service
  - Assumes 3.1% average annual inflation
- Capital Improvements (overall menu of projects the same, but implementation timing different)
  - Uses priority categories to sequence (regulatory, operational risk, fire flow)
  - All projects funded in 20 years
  - Assumes 3.1% average annual inflation

## Higher USDA Loan / Lower Member Contribution Option

#### • USDA Loan: \$4,358,148

- Incorporates purchase, closing, feasibility, start-up costs (\$1,388,640)
- Capital improvements financed include all regulatory requirements, most operational risk projects, and some fire flow (\$2,969,508)

#### Member Contribution: \$2,500

- Funds Operating Reserve (\$100,000) and Debt Service Reserve (one year of loan payments)
- Covers capital improvements not financed along with funds from operations

## Lower USDA Loan/ Higher Member Contribution Option

#### • USDA Loan: \$2,840,398

- o Incorporates purchase, closing, feasibility, start-up costs (\$1,377,342)
- Includes only regulatory requirements and several key operational risk projects (\$1,463,056)
- USDA loan is \$1,571,750 lower than Higher Loan scenario
- Other projects and fire flow funded by member funds over 20-year period
- Loan payments are lower. However, water rates are the same as Higher Loan scenario in order to have sufficient funds in future years for projects now not financed

#### Member Contribution: \$4,250

- Funds Operating Reserve (\$100,000) and Debt Service Reserve (one year of loan payments)
- o Covers capital improvements not financed along with funds from operations
- Amount is \$1,750 higher than Higher Loan scenario
- Contribution level must be higher to offset cost of projects no longer financed as part of the USDA loan and higher overall construction cost due to inflation
- A number of projects, especially fire flow improvements, happen later in time due to cash flow constraints

## Bi-Monthly Water Rates (projected)

Current	Proposed	Difference
\$68	\$ 49	-\$19
\$ 0	\$ 60	+\$60
\$ 0	\$ 10	+\$10
\$68	\$119	+\$51
\$113	\$121	+\$ 8
\$ 0	\$ 60	+\$60
\$ 10	\$ 10	+\$10
\$113	\$191	+\$78
	\$68 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$68 \$113 \$ 0 \$ 10	\$68 \$ 49 \$ 0 \$ 60 \$ 0 \$ 10 \$68 \$119 \$113 \$121 \$ 0 \$ 60 \$ 10 \$ 10

#### Notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Base charge covers general, administrative, maintenance, and system purchase.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Usage covers personnel and operational costs. The amount depends on individual use. Proposed usage rates are the same for low/moderate use and higher for higher use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Capital surcharge is the amount needed to pay the amount of the USDA loan attributable to capital improvement costs plus fund more projects from Coop funds.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> King County ROW is a new County imposed fee. We charge it but can get a credit when we use for fire flow improvements.

## Scenario Comparison

	Financial Model v9.62 Full Finance	Financial Model v9.62 Lower Loan			
Rates (Base, Usage, ROW)	Same	Same			
Capital Surcharge	Same Surcharge is needed to cover debt service for the portion of USDA loan allocated to capital improvement projects plus future improvements	Same Surcharge is needed to pay for capital improvement projects that are not financed by USDA loan. Capital surcharge attributable to the USDA loan for capital improvements is less, but more funds are needed to pay for the projects no longer financed.			
Operating Costs	Same	Same			
Member Contribution Level	\$2,500	\$4,250°			
Capital Improvement Menu	Same	Same			
Capital Improvement Schedule		More projects are deferred until latter part of the first 20 years			
Interest expense over life of USDA Loan	Higher (due to higher loan amount- \$4.3M to \$2.8M)				
Capital Improvement Cost Over 20 Years		Higher cost (due to inflation cost impact on deferred capital improvements).  Higher cost if inflation turns out to be higher than projected.			
Risks	Must complete designated USDA financed projects within 3 years with 2- year extension available.	Increased construction costs if inflation is greater than projected. Emergency repairs might be needed before deferred projects are completed. Possible additional regulatory requirements for later projects.			

## Questions and Input

Questions and Discussion until 8:00

### Please provide input on your preference in the chat box:

- 1. Higher Loan/Lower Member Contribution
- 2. Lower Loan/Higher Member Contribution

## **Next Steps**

- Follow-Up (in-person!) meeting July 13 from 6:30 to 8:30 pm at Camp Burton (Grisham Hall)
  - Cold beverages provided
  - Please bring snack/bites to share (potluck style)
- Purchase and Sale Agreement Status
- Engineering for Capital Improvements
- See website and sign up for more information at <u>www.burtonwater.org</u>
- Additional questions to <u>info@burtonwater.org</u>

## Community Support - Now is the Time

- Need fundraising for next steps
- Volunteer via Committees and/or Board
- Talk to your neighbors

### **Show Your Vote of Confidence!**